

Q&A!

CNOR MCQs
CNOR TestPrep
CNOR Study Guide
CNOR Practice Test
CNOR Exam Questions

Up-to-date Questions and Answers from authentic resources to *improve knowledge and pass the exam at very first attempt.*
---- *Guaranteed.*



killexams.com

Nursing

CNOR

CCI Certified Nurse Operating Room



Question: 660

Identify the areas of expertise essential for the perioperative nurse:

- A. Endotracheal tube insertion and internal physical landmarks.
- B. Surgical procedures, instruments and equipment.
- C. Anatomy.
- D. "Anatomy" and "Surgical procedures, instruments and equipment".

Answer: D

Explanation: The perioperative nurse must understand anatomy, surgical procedures, instruments and O.R. equipment. The anesthesiologist or nurse anesthetist performs endotracheal tube insertion. The perioperative nurse assists with intubation, but is not responsible for identifying internal physical landmarks to ensure tube placement is correct.

Question: 661

Which of the following is a potential complication of inadequate airway management during anesthesia?

- A. Hypovolemia
- B. Hyperglycemia
- C. Hypoxemia
- D. Hyperkalemia

Answer: C

Explanation: Inadequate airway management during anesthesia can lead to hypoxemia, which is a decrease in the oxygen saturation of arterial blood. This can occur due to airway obstruction, inadequate ventilation, or impaired gas exchange. Hypoxemia can have serious consequences, including tissue hypoxia, organ dysfunction, and cardiac arrest. Proper airway assessment, maintenance, and monitoring are essential to ensure adequate oxygenation during anesthesia.

Question: 662

What is the best practice for disposing of chemotherapy drugs?

- A. Flushing them down the toilet
- B. Disposing of them in regular waste
- C. Following facility protocols for hazardous waste disposal
- D. Returning them to the pharmacy

Answer: C

Explanation: The best practice for disposing of chemotherapy drugs is to follow facility protocols for hazardous waste disposal, which ensures compliance with regulations and safety for all personnel.

Question: 663

What is a primary pathophysiological change associated with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD)?

- A. Increased lung elasticity
- B. Airway inflammation and obstruction
- C. Decreased respiratory rate
- D. Enhanced gas exchange

Answer: B

Explanation: COPD is characterized by airway inflammation and obstruction, leading to difficulty in breathing and impaired gas exchange over time.

Question: 664

Which is an important aspect of informed consent in the surgical setting?

- A. Obtaining consent without explaining risks
- B. Ensuring the patient understands the procedure and its risks
- C. Relying solely on family members for consent
- D. Ignoring the patient's questions

Answer: B

Explanation: Ensuring that the patient understands the procedure, including its risks and benefits, is essential for obtaining valid informed consent, which respects the patient's autonomy and decision-making rights.

Question: 665

Which of the following is a correct guideline for hand hygiene in the operating room?

- A. Use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer before and after each surgical procedure.
- B. Wash hands with soap and water for at least 10 seconds.
- C. Perform hand hygiene only when hands are visibly soiled.
- D. Remove jewelry from hands and wrists before performing hand hygiene.

Answer: D

Explanation: The correct guideline for hand hygiene in the operating room is to

remove jewelry from hands and wrists before performing hand hygiene. Jewelry can harbor microorganisms and interfere with proper hand hygiene practices. Hand hygiene should be performed with soap and water, using an appropriate technique, for at least 20 seconds. Alcohol-based hand sanitizers are not a substitute for handwashing and should be used when hands are not visibly soiled. Hand hygiene should be performed before and after each surgical procedure, regardless of visible soiling.

Question: 666

Which age-specific consideration is most critical when planning surgery for geriatric patients?

- A. Increased metabolic rate
- B. Higher risk of postoperative complications
- C. Preference for general anesthesia
- D. Decreased need for pain management

Answer: B

Explanation: Geriatric patients are at a higher risk for postoperative complications due to age-related physiological changes, comorbidities, and potential polypharmacy, necessitating careful planning and monitoring during the perioperative period.

Question: 667

What should a nurse do if the EHR system is down during a patient's admission?

- A. Wait until the system is back online to document
- B. Use downtime forms to record patient information
- C. Document in a notebook without further action
- D. Ignore the incident

Answer: B

Explanation: The nurse should use downtime forms to record patient information during an EHR system outage, ensuring that accurate documentation is maintained until the system is restored.

Question: 668

Which of the following types of anesthesia involves the injection of local anesthetic agents into the cerebrospinal fluid?

- A. General anesthesia
- B. Regional anesthesia
- C. Local anesthesia
- D. Epidural anesthesia

Answer: D

Explanation: Epidural anesthesia involves the injection of local anesthetic agents into the epidural space, which is outside the spinal cord and cerebrospinal fluid. This type of anesthesia provides pain relief and can be used for various surgical procedures.

Question: 669

How should perioperative nurses respond to a violation of safety protocols in the operating room?

- A. Ignore the violation to avoid conflict
- B. Report the violation to a supervisor immediately
- C. Discuss the violation only with peers
- D. Document the incident in the patient's chart only

Answer: B

Explanation: Perioperative nurses should report any violation of safety protocols to a supervisor immediately to ensure patient safety and compliance with established guidelines.

Question: 670

Which diagnostic procedure is most effective for evaluating coronary artery disease?

- A. Chest X-ray
- B. Electrocardiogram (ECG)
- C. Coronary angiography
- D. Echocardiogram

Answer: C

Explanation: Coronary angiography is the gold standard for diagnosing coronary artery disease, allowing visualization of blood vessels and assessment of blockages.

Question: 671

What is the primary focus of the NANDA International Nursing Diagnoses?

- A. Physical health only
- B. Holistic patient care
- C. Financial status of the patient
- D. Institutional policies

Answer: B

Explanation: NANDA International emphasizes holistic patient care by providing a standardized language for nursing diagnoses that encompass physical, emotional, social, and spiritual health aspects, guiding comprehensive

care planning.

Question: 672

The following medications can be used prior to endoscopic sinus procedures or other nasal procedures to reduce bleeding.

- A. Gentian Violet, Hydrogen Peroxide, Silver Nitrate.
- B. Epinephrine, Neomycin, hydorcortison.
- C. Oxymetazoline Hydrochloride, cocaine or epinephrine.
- D. Polymyxin B, oxymetazoline hydrochloride, Wydase.

Answer: C

Explanation: Oxymetazoline Hydrochloride is the generic name for nasal spray such as Afrin. Cocaine and Epinephrine can also be introduced into the nares on a cotton pledge.

Question: 673

Which of the following is a potential risk of surgical smoke during electrocautery procedures?

- A. Hypothermia.
- B. Hypertension.
- C. Inhalation of toxic substances.
- D. Increased risk of bleeding.

Answer: C

Explanation: Surgical smoke generated during electrocautery procedures can contain toxic substances, including carcinogens and bioaerosols. Inhaling this

smoke can pose health risks to the surgical team and should be minimized through proper smoke evacuation systems.

Question: 674

If a patient refuses a recommended surgical procedure, what is the nurse's responsibility?

- A. To persuade the patient to change their mind
- B. To document the refusal and inform the physician
- C. To ignore the patient's wishes
- D. To proceed with the surgery anyway

Answer: B

Explanation: If a patient refuses a recommended procedure, the nurse's responsibility is to document the refusal clearly and inform the physician, ensuring that the patient's autonomy is respected and that appropriate follow-up occurs.

Question: 675

Which of the following is a potential complication of inadequate surgical hand hygiene?

- A. Hypernatremia
- B. Hypoglycemia
- C. Sepsis
- D. Hypovolemia

Answer: C

Explanation: Inadequate surgical hand hygiene can lead to sepsis, which is a severe infection that can spread throughout the body. Proper hand hygiene,

including thorough handwashing or the use of antiseptic solutions, is critical to prevent the transmission of microorganisms from the hands of healthcare providers to the surgical site. Sepsis can have life-threatening consequences and requires prompt recognition and treatment.

Question: 676

How should the surgical team handle a situation where a non-OR personnel enters the sterile field?

- A. Ignore the incident
- B. Politely ask the individual to leave the sterile field
- C. Confront the individual aggressively
- D. Document the incident without action

Answer: B

Explanation: The surgical team should politely ask the individual to leave the sterile field to maintain sterility and prevent infection, ensuring patient safety is prioritized.

Question: 677

What is the most important principle of nursing documentation?

- A. It should be done after the patient is discharged.
- B. It must be accurate, concise, and timely.
- C. It is only necessary for legal purposes.
- D. It can be completed by anyone on the team.

Answer: B

Explanation: Accurate, concise, and timely documentation is essential for ensuring continuity of care, legal protection, and effective communication

among healthcare providers.

Question: 678

What patient education resource is most effective for enhancing postoperative recovery?

- A. General pamphlets on surgery
- B. One-on-one teaching sessions
- C. Informational videos without discussion
- D. Discharge instructions only

Answer: B

Explanation: One-on-one teaching sessions are most effective for enhancing understanding and retention of information, allowing for personalized discussion and clarification of any questions the patient may have.

Question: 679

What is a critical aspect of postoperative communication that must be documented?

- A. The patient's social media accounts
- B. Any complications or unexpected events during the procedure
- C. Personal opinions about the surgical team
- D. The patient's favorite foods

Answer: B

Explanation: Documenting any complications or unexpected events during the procedure is critical for postoperative communication, as it provides essential information for ongoing patient care and evaluation.

Question: 680

During a surgical procedure, the surgeon requests a specific suture material for wound closure. The nurse is unable to locate the requested suture in the sterile field. What should the nurse do?

- A. Inform the surgeon about the missing suture material.
- B. Proceed with an alternative suture material.
- C. Ask another nurse to search for the suture material.
- D. Delay the procedure until the suture material is found.

Answer: A

Explanation: In the event of a missing requested suture material, the nurse should inform the surgeon immediately. The surgeon will decide whether to proceed with an alternative suture material, delay the procedure, or take any other necessary action.

Question: 681

What should a nurse do if they suspect that a patient is being abused?

- A. Confront the suspected abuser
- B. Document their observations and report to the appropriate authorities
- C. Ignore the signs and focus only on medical care
- D. Discuss the situation with the patient's family

Answer: B

Explanation: The nurse should document their observations and report them to the appropriate authorities, as mandated reporting laws require healthcare professionals to report suspected abuse to protect the patient.

Killexams.com is a leading online platform specializing in high-quality certification exam preparation. Offering a robust suite of tools, including MCQs, practice tests, and advanced test engines, Killexams.com empowers candidates to excel in their certification exams. Discover the key features that make Killexams.com the go-to choice for exam success.



Exam Questions:

Killexams.com provides exam questions that are experienced in test centers. These questions are updated regularly to ensure they are up-to-date and relevant to the latest exam syllabus. By studying these questions, candidates can familiarize themselves with the content and format of the real exam.

Exam MCQs:

Killexams.com offers exam MCQs in PDF format. These questions contain a comprehensive collection of questions and answers that cover the exam topics. By using these MCQs, candidate can enhance their knowledge and improve their chances of success in the certification exam.

Practice Test:

Killexams.com provides practice test through their desktop test engine and online test engine. These practice tests simulate the real exam environment and help candidates assess their readiness for the actual exam. The practice test cover a wide range of questions and enable candidates to identify their strengths and weaknesses.

Guaranteed Success:

Killexams.com offers a success guarantee with the exam MCQs. Killexams claim that by using this materials, candidates will pass their exams on the first attempt or they will get refund for the purchase price. This guarantee provides assurance and confidence to individuals preparing for certification exam.

Updated Contents:

Killexams.com regularly updates its question bank of MCQs to ensure that they are current and reflect the latest changes in the exam syllabus. This helps candidates stay up-to-date with the exam content and increases their chances of success.